



## Animal tracking deep underwater

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Topics: Biodiversity | Ecosystems

**A new combination of data and statistical algorithms makes it possible for the first time to precisely track the movements of animals deep underwater. An initial study of flapper skate on the seabed around Scotland will help to develop targeted measures to conserve these Critically Endangered animals and designate suitable protected areas. The results have now been published in Science Advances.**

Flapper skate (*Dipturus intermedius*), the world's largest skate species measuring over two metres in length, live hidden on the rugged seabed around Scotland. Their life in the darkness, deep underwater, makes it extremely difficult to find out more about their whereabouts and movements. However, there is considerable interest in these animals. As predatory fish at the top of the marine food web, they play a very important role in marine habitats and the balance of marine ecosystems.

However, due to overfishing, skates and their close relatives the sharks, are among the most endangered vertebrates on the planet. This makes it all the more important to conserve the remaining populations and support their recovery. To do this, it is essential to know where they live. However, the approaches currently used to track animal movements quickly reach their limits underwater.

### Lighting up the darkness of the seabed

Now, an interdisciplinary team of researchers has succeeded in shedding further light on the lives of animals in the deep using a new combination of data and statistical methods. The results were recently published in Science Advances. In this study, the research team applied the methods to flapper skate in the Loch Sunart to the Sound of Jura Marine Protected Area on the west coast of Scotland. They were able to track the movements of these animals with unprecedented accuracy and map their locations over the seabed.



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movements affect their exposure to threats and the efficacy of conser

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vation measures, such as marine protected areas (MPAs). However, many species' movements are difficult to reconstruct from available datasets, hampering conservation efforts. This is especially the case for aquatic species that rarely surface, for which data are often limited to observations from acoustic telemetry (detections) and ancillary sensors. Here, we pioneer the use of state-of-the-art particle algorithms to model movements, integrate datasets, and assess MPA design, leveraging a case study of a Critically Endangered elasmobranch. Our algorithms led to 5-fold improvements in space-use maps and 30-fold improvements in residency estimates compared to prevailing methods. By integrating tracking datasets, we were uniquely able to examine movements beyond acoustic receivers, MPA-scale residency, and specific habitats beyond protected areas that warrant protection. This work reveals a modeling framework that enhances the conservation value of acoustic telemetry, supporting analyses of MPA efficacy worldwide.' (1102 chars) serialnumber => protected'2375-2548' (9 chars) doi => protected'10.1126/sciadv.adx0255' (22 chars) uid => protected35885 (integer) \_localizedUid => protected35885 (integer)modified \_languageUid => protectedNULL \_versionedUid => protected35885 (integer)modified pid => protected124 (integer) Lavender, E.; Scheidegger, A.; Albert, C.; Biber, S. W.; Brodersen, J.; Aleynik, D.; Cole, G.; Dodd, J.; Wright, P. J.; Illian, J.; James, M.; Smout, S.; Thorburn, J.; Moor, H. (2025) Animal tracking with particle algorithms informs protected area design, *Science Advances*, 11(48), eadx0255 (12 pp.), [doi:10.1126/sciadv.adx0255](https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.adx0255), [Institutional Repository](#)

## Collaborations

The paper was led and funded by the Eawag aquatic research institute based on data collected by the Movement Ecology of Flapper Skate project. It brought together a diverse team of researchers from the fields of biology, statistics, physics, mathematics and ocean modelling, as well as experts in nature conservation and policymakers from leading research institutes, nature conservation authorities and government:

Edinburgh Napier University University of St Andrews University of Glasgow Scottish Association for Marine Science Royal Zoological Society of Scotland University of Surrey NatureScot Marine Directorate

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<https://www.eawag.ch/en/info/portal/news/news-archive/archive-detail/animal-tracking-deep-underwater>