



Testing the Blue Diversion Autarky toilet in situ

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Topics: Wastewater

For three months, an extended family in South Africa tested the standalone Autarky toilet cubicle. Everyone was very happy with the quiet hideout.

“I am really proud of our technology and can see huge potential in it”, says Eva Reynaert, who was involved in the project and was one of the advisors during the field testing. The Blue Diversion Autarky toilet offers great advantages, particularly to less-developed regions of the world: It works without a water mains connection and does not need a sewerage connection either. By separating out grey water, urine and faeces, valuable resources such as water and fertiliser nutrients can be recovered. “We had got to the stage where we were ready to test the Autarky under real-life conditions”, explains Reynaert.

Working with a team of researchers, Reynaert set up the Blue Diversion Autarky toilet next to an existing dry toilet on the land of a 14-person family on the outskirts of Durban, in an area without a sewerage connection. The toilet functioned independently and, for the most part, without any hitches. As well as the technologies behind the toilet, the sanitation hardware (wash basin, urinal and a newly-developed water-flush urine separation toilet) were also the subjects of the testing. The social acceptance of this kind of toilet system was also under scrutiny during the testing period, as well as the toilet's technological performance.

The advantages of a quiet hideout

In contrast to the earlier dry toilet, the Blue Diversion Autarky toilet provides its users with all the advantages of a modern toilet, with privacy, closeable door, electric light, window and its own wash basin with soap and a mirror. The water flushing means that the environment remains odour free. This went down particularly well with the residents, who enjoyed using the toilet cubicle - even if just to grab

a moment's peace on one's own.



Urinal and wash basin in the Blue Diversion Autarky toilet cubicle in Durban.
The separation toilet is not shown.
Photo: Autarky, Eawag

The urine and water modules prove themselves worthy

The water and urine modules were what were on trial, as the development of the faeces module had not yet been completed. A technician checked the system parts two to three times a week, and filled up the water, some of which was lost due to evaporation and in the process of separating solids from urine. He also took samples of water and urine so that these could be analysed in the laboratory.

The water module, which cleans the water from toilet flushing and then returns it, functioned largely without any errors. "A power cut lasting several hours led to a high level of nitrite in the water, although this presented no problems as far as toilet flushing was concerned", explains

Reynaert. “One one occasion, the technician forgot to switch a pump back on, and right at the beginning one of the pipes was not properly connected and so it was dripping slightly. But the technology itself functioned extremely well.”

The urine module turns the urine that has been separated from the faeces and flushing water into fertiliser, stabilising and drying it out. During the stabilisation process, important plant nutrients, some of which are easily lost, are fixed in the urine, while pathogenic microbes are killed and odour build-up is prevented. The system operated smoothly throughout the three months. Once a month, the concentrated urine product was removed. “In terms of the quality of the fertiliser in future, we identified some room for improvement, as a substantial proportion of nitrogen was lost in the process in this field test”, says Michel Riechmann, who was responsible for the urine module testing in Durban.



Urine treatment at 2,200 metres - the SAC is also interested in new wastewater treatment solutions for its mountain huts, as shown here with this joint pilot project between the engineering firm Vuna and Eawag.

Photo: Michel Riechmann, Eawag

Positive results from testing in Switzerland

The urine module has not only been tested out in Durban, but also in field tests as a standalone module in combination with dry toilets in Au on Lake Zurich and at the Legler Hut in the Glarn Alps. Here, too, the automated operation of the toilet module was successfully repeated. The low temperatures at times did lead to a more extended drying out process. Thanks to the additional photovoltaic modules which were installed in the toilet, the urine module was fully self-sufficient even at an altitude of 2,200 metres.

The research for the self-sufficient [Blue Diversion Autarky](#) toilet cubicle began back in 2011 with the “Reinvent the Toilet Challenge” initiated by the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. In the [Blue Diversion](#) project, the foundations were laid for a mobile separation toilet that recycles water for handwashing and WC flushing. The new Autarky toilet is designed to treat

not only water, but also urine and faeces in situ, and thus render separate treatment off site unnecessary. The water, urine and faeces modules can also be used individually or in combination with other technologies, depending on the situation.

Watch the video on [Youtube](#).

Cover picture: Autarky, Eawag

Original publications

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Related Links

[Blue Diversion Autarky Project](#)

[Blue Diversion Toilet](#)

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