



Pre-Conference Workshop on “A Roadmap for Decentralised Wastewater Treatment in Nepal: Learning from the South Asian Experience”

Summary of Conclusions and Recommendations

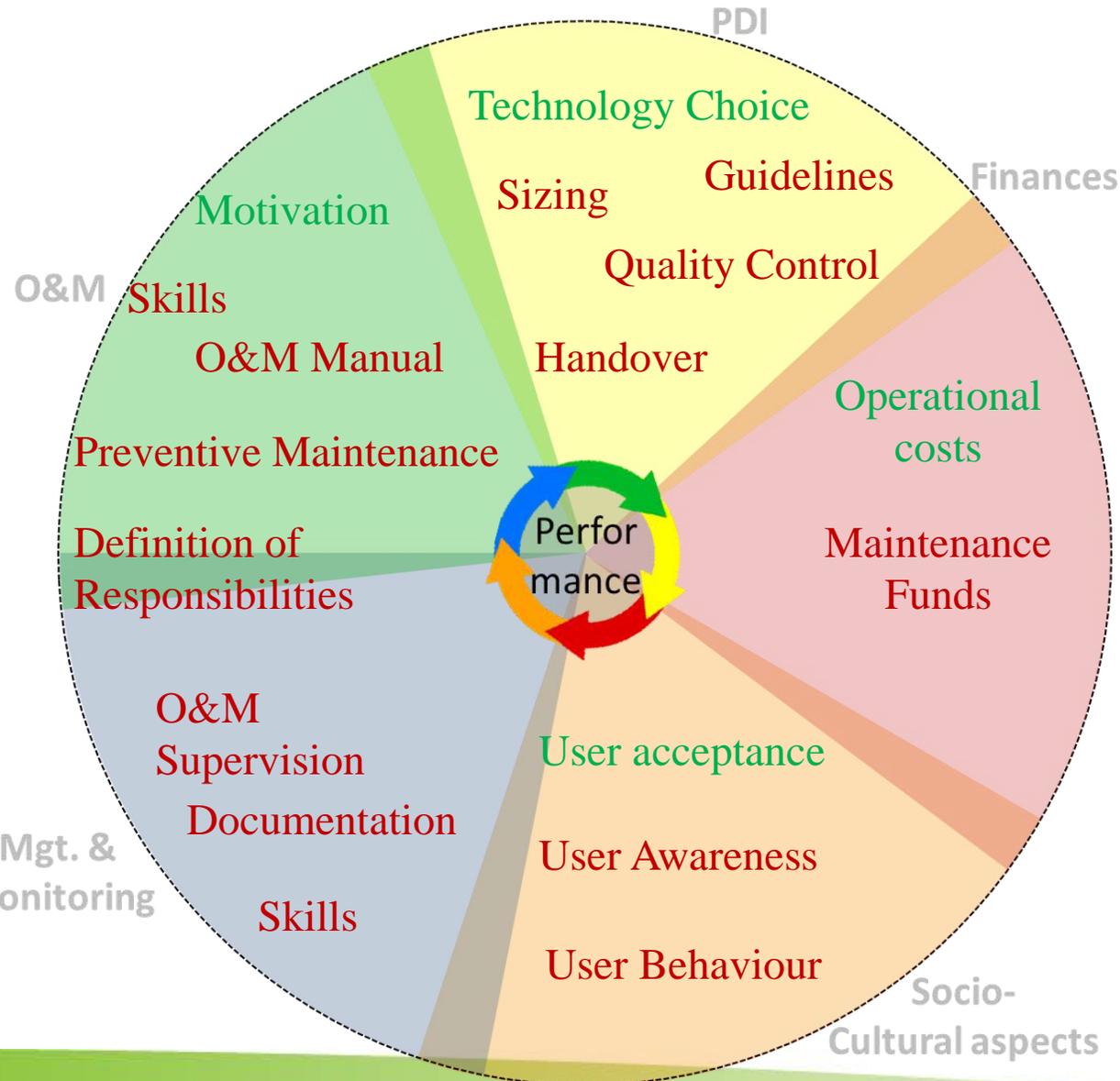
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Conclusions



Wastewater Treatment

Treatment Effectiveness

Loading

Resource Recovery

Water

Nutrient and Energy

Proper Solids Management

Sludge Management

Conclusions:

Policy/Institutional arrangements:

- No clear policies, guidelines and by-laws on WWM;
- Roles and responsibilities of federal, provincial and local governments should be clear

Financial:

- Lack of O&M fund for major repair & maintenance;
- Need innovative financing & cost recovery for scaling up SSS

Technical/implementation:

- Overall good organics removal;
- Systems with Vertical Flow Beds found to be efficient;
- O&M and Quality Control are major issues -> Inefficiency of the systems

Social:

- Lack of public awareness;
- Need to increase users' behavior

Key recommendations: System-level Analysis

- Develop guidelines for design, implementation, handover and operation
- Allocate a percentage of capital cost as maintenance fund
 - Blocked and accessible for repair works only
 - Fund should be regularly fed to ensure long-term availability
- Capacity building of operators
 - Standardised training content
 - System implementers should be required to offer trainings on how to operate systems
- Mandatory aftersales support for 5+ years by system implementers. Possibly service contract for maintenance.

Key recommendations: System-level Analysis

- Standardise requirements for documentation and reporting to monitoring agency
- Provision of sludge treatment unit with each SSS system
- Improve user awareness through participatory processes and regular information campaigns;
- Promote innovative, new technologies (semi-mechanical)

Key Recommendations – Inst. Analysis

- Policies for SSS scaling should be part of the overall sanitation strategy
- It should be well aligned with other approaches (on-site sanitation and FSM, and large-scale sewerage and wastewater treatment systems).
- WASH plans/SDP/CSP could accordingly guide the implementation of SSS systems;
- Municipality as a lead and an entry point
- Innovative Financing Models similar to the biogas promotion programme to establish and manage systems
- Engage private sectors to promote the sanitation systems –
- Focusing on systems rather than technologies

Key Recommendations – Inst. Analysis

- Dedicated analysis and support unit for SSS and FS treatment systems.
 - Build up a centralised database of all SSS systems and FSTPs
 - Regular Monitoring visit of each system by environmental officer / experienced engineer
 - Collection of operational, financial and qualitative performance data
 - Technical support for older systems (5+ years old), with hotline.
 - Continuous data analysis and dissemination of learning to inform policy, design and management optimisation
- Monitoring by third party: independent agency such as universities, research institutions, NGOs/private parties
 - Regular, systematic monitoring: Sampling
 - Sharing of data with analysis and support unit as well as with financing programme for performance-based payments

Last but not least!

If we envision establishing clean, green, healthy and smart city – it must be clean. Together we can!!!



Thank You

